



Synonym

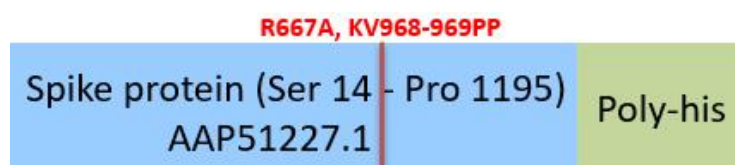
Spike,S protein,Spike glycoprotein,S glycoprotein

Source

SARS-CoV GD01 Spike Trimer, His Tag (SPN-S52Ht) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293) with T4 fibrin trimerization motif and a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. It contains AA Ser 14 - Pro 1195 (Accession # [AAP51227.1](#) (R667A, KV968-969PP)).

Predicted N-terminus: Ser 14

Molecular Characterization



This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 136.5 kDa. The protein migrates as 160-190 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

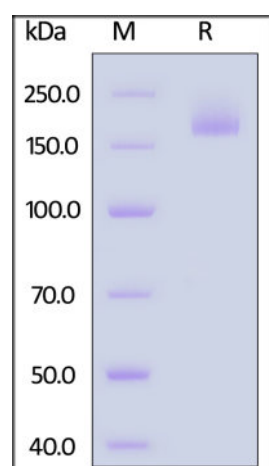
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

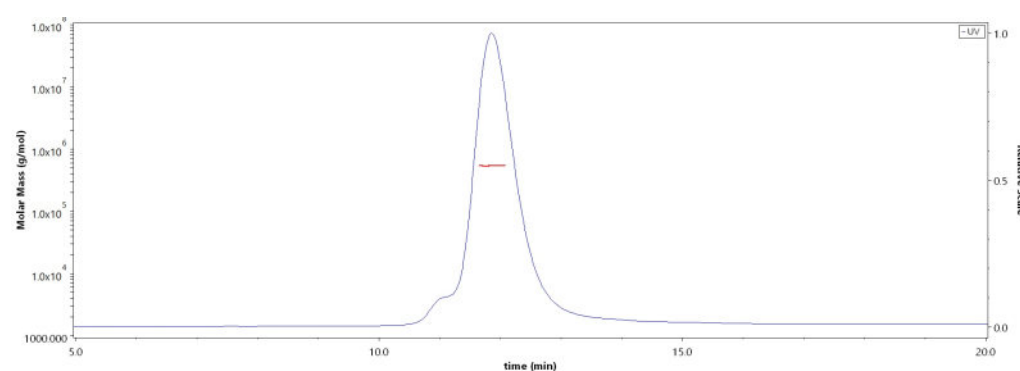
SDS-PAGE



SARS-CoV GD01 Spike Trimer, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

Bioactivity-ELISA

SEC-MALS

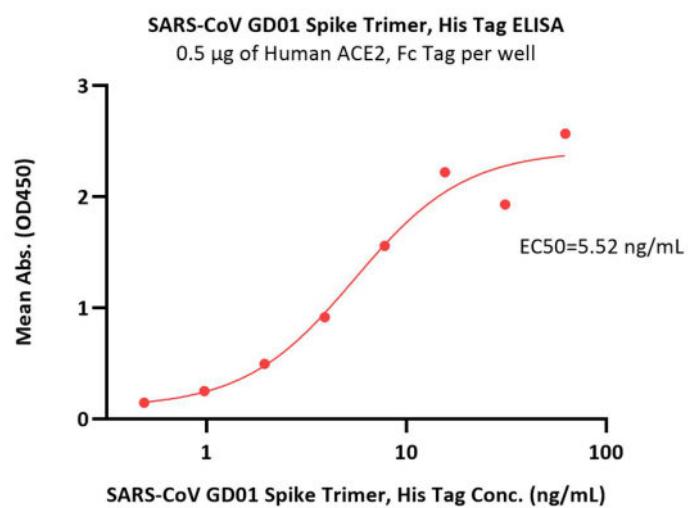


The purity of SARS-CoV GD01 Spike Trimer, His Tag (Cat. No. SPN-S52Ht) is more than 85% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 505-555 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

Discounts, Gifts,
and more!





Immobilized Human ACE2, Fc Tag (Cat. No. AC2-H5257) at 5 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind SARS-CoV GD01 Spike Trimer, His Tag (Cat. No. SPN-S52Ht) with a linear range of 0.5-16 ng/mL (QC tested).

Background

The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Discounts, Gifts,
and more!

