## PE-Labeled Human HLA-A\*02:01&B2M&CMV pp65 (NLVPMVATV) Tetramer Protein

Catalog # HLC-HP2H6



#### Source

PE-Labeled Human HLA-A\*02:01&B2M&CMV pp65 (NLVPMVATV)
Tetramer Protein(HLC-HP2H6) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Gly 25 - Ile 308 (HLA-A\*02:01) & Ile 21 - Met 119 (B2M) & NLVPMVATV peptide (Accession # AAA59606.1 (HLA-A\*02:01) & P61769 (B2M) & NLVPMVATV).

Predicted N-terminus: Gly 25 & Ile 21

#### **Molecular Characterization**

PE-Labeled Human HLA-A\*02:01&B2M&CMV pp65 (NLVPMVATV) Tetramer Protein is assembled by biotinylated monomer (HLC-H82E5) and PE-labeled streptavidin.

Biotinylated Human HLA-A\*02:01&B2M&CMV pp65 (NLVPMVATV)
Complex Protein is produced by co-expression of HLA and B2M loaded with
CMV pp65 peptide. Biotinylated Human HLA-A\*02:01&B2M&CMV pp65
(NLVPMVATV) Complex Protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus,
followed by an Avi tag (Avitag<sup>TM</sup>).

### Conjugate

PE

Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm / 561 nm

Emission Wavelength: 575 nm

### Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, 1% BSA, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

#### Storage

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please protect from light and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

# Background

Cytomegalovirus (Cytomegalovirus) is a herpes viral D virus. Human cytomegalovirus (HCMV) can only infect humans and multiply in humans. The antibodies. After primary infection with CMV, the body can produce specific antibodies and killer T lymphocytes to activate NM cells. The antibody has limited CMV replication ability and has a certain resistance to reinfection of the same strain, but cannot resist the activation of antibody-dependent virus and the exogenous infection of other different strains of CMV. However, specific killer T lymphocytes and antibody-dependent cytotoxic cells can exert the greatest antiviral effect. The Human HLA-A\*0201 CMV (NLVPMVATV) complex protein is a complex of HLA-A\*0201 of the MHC Class I, B2M, and NLVPMVATV peptide of the CMV.

## **Clinical and Translational Updates**

